

THRILLING EXPERIENCE

UNDERGONE BY A MACON TRAVELING MAN.

Thrown Down a Fifteen Foot Embankment and Knocked silly—The Result of a Broken Rail on the Brunswick and Western Railroad.—Other News of Interest, Etc.

MACON, Ga., January 10.—[Special.]—Mr. George Gant, who travels in the interest of a fertilizer agency here, was the victim of a thrilling experience on the Brunswick and Western railroad Saturday evening.

The westbound train was running along at a rapid gait three miles east of Brookfield in Berrien county, about 3 o'clock Saturday morning, with a number of passengers in the first-class car and the sleeper attached.

Mr. Gant was asleep in his berth, when suddenly he was thrown violently across the car and jammed between the berth and the side of the car, in such a position that he could hardly extricate himself. Captain McDuffie, manager of the road, was on hand, and as soon as the accident occurred he rushed around to see if anybody was injured. Calling out "Is anybody hurt in here?" he was answered by Mr. Gant, who replied that he did not feel that he was hurt badly. But as he gained his feet a fainting fit caused him to stagger forward, and when he became conscious he felt completely paralyzed.

On examining the wreck it was found that a broken rail had caused the sleeper to leave the track and tumble headlong down a fifteen foot embankment, jerking the front trucks of the car over the side. The landing of the train was all right, and the passengers were taken aboard and conveyed to Albany, where Mr. Gant was taken care of and finally recovered the use of his limbs. He is suffering from soreness in his bones to day, and is getting all right again.

The sleeper and the passenger car were both left at the scene of the accident. Considering the circumstances, it is remarkable that there was no more damage done. The sleeping car conductor had his face pretty badly cut up with broken glass.

THE SOUTHERN EXPRESS,

And the Business It Does With Jugs and Cucumbers.

MACON, Ga., January 10.—[Special.]—Today your correspondent dined in Manager G. P. Clarke's, of the Southern Express company, and obtained some interesting facts regarding that branch of public service. Mr. Clarke says that the business of the company has been very good during the winter. The reduction of rates for local points and the grading of through rates has aided in bringing this about. The express company is the most important feature of the business. Formerly Millardville supplied many points eastward, but since it has gone dry, the express company does a good job business on every railroad entering the city. Atlanta's drought has caused the shower to come heavy in Macon, on the upper lines.

The fruit and vegetable trade begins about the middle of April with the early strawberries. The good crop of the first of August with the late crop of melons. This gives the four month's fine trade in that line. The business of sending small packages of all kinds of merchandise is growing steadily. The recent postal changes have not affected the express business in the sending of money or valuable packages perceptibly. One reason may be that the people do not yet exactly understand the new increments General Vilas offers in the way of insurance.

Manager Clarke has under him Robert A. Ware, who has been for several years money clerk; J. A. Cleary, a long time cashier; J. L. Collier, freight clerk for several years; E. Knowles, the efficient night clerk; J. R. Gant, transfer clerk, and E. J. Nelson, who knows every man, woman and child in Macon, and is a good delivery clerk as any office can boast of. A. H. Stevens manages the stables, while two well-trained teams of strong Norman draught horses are kept. John Lovette, route agent of the Central division, has his headquarters at the Macon office.

The entire force is made up of obliging and efficient men, who attend to their duties promptly and satisfactorily. Very little complaint is ever heard, and the Macon office is certainly as well managed as any in the south.

CALLING FOR CASH.

The Farmers Negotiating with the Factors for It.

MACON, Ga., January 10.—[Special.]—Meeting Mr. Willis F. Price, the warehouseman, today, the reporter piled his cupping glass, and in response the gentleman said:

"Yes, the farmers are casting about for cash to begin operations with. They are getting it, too, as far as they can make the proper papers. I have had quite a number of applications from my regular customers, and everything seems hopeful."

"How about paying up for last year?"

"Well, they have paid up as well as they usually do. I do not see but they are about as well off as they have been heretofore. I began business a year ago, and I have taken in between six and seven thousand bushels of cotton and I think that is pretty good for the first year. I guess I will get eight or ten thousand this year, as I will become better known."

"Do you think the farmers are doing well?"

"Yes, I see no special reason for complaint. Many of them are learning to manage the business, and are putting their farms on a paying basis, and they are making money. Of course, there are farmers who are still knockabout in the same old way, but as a whole, I think the middle Georgia farmers are becoming more and more happy."

A few are making money, many are making a living, and the great mass of them are getting along better than many of their brethren who work for wages in the city."

THE INJUNCTION CASES.

On the Covington and Macon and Georgia Southern and Florida Roads.

MACON, Ga., January 10.—[Special.]—Today the injunction cases of the Covington and Macon and Georgia Southern and Florida railroads were again taken up. The affidavits and evidence in the cases were all put in, and then the Court adjourned till to-morrow when arguments will be heard.

The Thorpe pless asking to be made a party to the suit, on the side of the Covington and Macon road, was dismissed, the judge deciding that Thorpe's attorney could not come in now. It is probable that Thorpe will make another move in the matter, as soon as the present cases are disposed of. So far there is no means of guessing how the trial will terminate.

THEY HAVE STRUCK OIL.

In California and are Preparing to Utilize the Discovery.

MACON, Ga., January 10.—[Special.]—Messrs. J. W. Cabiness, George B. Turpin and J. H. Campbell have made some purchases in western real estate. It is California, and there is oil in the outlook. Some promises to the Pacific slope, where he will investigate the matter.

THE FIRE DEPARTMENT.

MACON, Ga., January 10.—[Special.]—To-night at the annual election of officers of the volunteer fire department occurred. L. M. Jones was re-elected chief by acclamation. Louis Vernauke, first assistant, eighty-nine to B. R. Smith thirty-one. Sam D. Campbell, Henry Faulk by acclamation. D. D. Craig, secretary, and E. P. Strong, treasurer, were elected by acclamation.

Under Treatment of the Eye.

MACON, Ga., January 10.—[Special.]—H. R. Delaruelle, son of Senator Delaruelle of Easton, is in the city under treatment of severe eye affection, by Dr. Cotter.

All cases of weak or lame back, rheumatism, etc. will find relief by wearing one of Carter's Smart' Wad and Belladonna Plasters. Price 25 cents.

COLUMBUS CHRONICLES.

The New Officers of the Fire Department.

COLUMBUS, Ga., January 10.—[Special.]—At the annual meeting of the board of control of the Columbus fire department tonight, Geo. J. Burrus was re-elected chief, W. S. Freeman first assistant, J. P. Norman second assistant, F. C. Reich secretary. The appropriation asked for are the same as last year.

The adjourned November term of Muscogee state court convened this evening. Owing to the absence of many jurors the organization of the grand jury was postponed until tomorrow morning. No business of importance was transacted today.

Sheriff Burrus is sick and Mr. A. M. Bryant is acting deputy sheriff.

W. R. Newsome, fancy grocer, of this city, was closed by the sheriff today. His liabilities and assets are small.

Mr. W. H. Harbridge died at her home near Salem last night.

A German will be given tomorrow night complimentary to visiting young ladies from Montgomery.

Mr. Isaac Jackson and Miss Theresa Frank, of this city, will be married tomorrow night.

The colored people of this city are making an effort to raise money to build an orphan asylum.

THE GOODWATER EXTENSION.

Two Hundred Hand to be Sent Out Tomorrow.

MACON, Ga., January 10.—[Special.]—Mr. W. Myrick, of the firm of Myrick & Howell contractors, was in the city today, and will send out 200 hands tomorrow to work on the Goodwater extension of the Central railroad. He says work is progressing rapidly, and the work will be pushed forward as rapidly as possible.

STOLE HIS GOODS.

A Colored Merchant's Store Burglarized.

MACON, Ga., January 10.—[Special.]—Saturday night some thief entered the rear of a colored merchant's store on Mulberry street, and stole \$100 worth of goods. The proprietor, a highly intelligent man, has no clue as to the perpetrators, and Davis mourns in silence.

CONGRESSMAN CANDLER'S DAUGHTER.

Miss Genie Candler Recovering from a Serious Illness.

MACON, Ga., January 10.—[Special.]—For the past week Hon. A. D. Candler has been lying by the bedside of his daughter, Miss Genie, who has been suffering from a painful illness. She is at the residence of her aunt, Mrs. W. F. Price, and is now slowly recovering and thought to be out of danger.

A NEW CHURCH.

The Central Presbyterian Church Organized.

MACON, Ga., January 10.—[Special.]—The new Presbyterian church was organized yesterday with a membership of thirty-seven. It is to be called the Central Presbyterian church, and starts off with flattering prospects.

THAT "QUOTATIONS" MADE.

An Interesting Social Event Takes Place in West Point.

WEST POINT, Ga., January 10.—[Special.]—Friday night Miss Lottie Lanier gave a quotation party in honor of Misses Janie and Lucy Oime. The ladies were full evening and the gentlemen in full dress suits. The spacious parlor was filled with the fragrance of roses of West Point. Above the arbor in the hall were in letters of evergreen, "Love's Reign is Eternal," apropos of the subject "Love." Many choice selections were placed before the three judges, Mrs. Sue Lanier, Mr. W. T. Huguley and Dr. J. W. Griggs. The prize, a magnificent book, was awarded to Miss Calista McKemie, in a few pertinent remarks by Dr. Griggs. Music was discussed during the entire evening by our string band. After a most sumptuous repast the guests, after a most enjoyable evening, went to dream of love in all of its varied colorings.

REVIVAL IN THOMASVILLE.

The Religious Spirit Makes Great Headway.

THOMASVILLE, Ga., January 10.—[Special.]—For two weeks past there has been a union revival at the Methodist church, conducted by Rev. Mr. Thompson, a noted evangelist from Kentucky. The meetings have been largely attended, and from the interest manifested Mr. Thompson has cause to be satisfied with his good work. He preached his farewell sermon yesterday morning at the Methodist church. The services were well attended, with the exception of this week at the Presbyterian church, conducted by another celebrated Kentucky evangelist, Rev. Dr. Gurant, of Presbyterian fame. The religious sentiment is very much aroused and it is to be hoped the impression will be lasting. Each train is coming in loaded with visitors seeking escape from the northern climate. They are all loud-spoken in their way, and the atmosphere is gay and gay.

THE TEST MADE BY TWO BROTHERS.

From the Hartwell, Ga., Record.

GOLDEN moments once lost can never be recalled. It is astonishing how little some young men and women read. This fact can readily be discovered in coming in contact with their society. They are as full of silly nonsense and idle gossip as a dog is of fleas; but when a person reads, he is full of sense which requires thoughts, study, research and the companionship of a high order of instructive books they are as blank as a board and as green as a bay sapling in springtime. There can be no plausible excuse given for such stupidity. Books, newspapers and oil are cheap and leisure time in abundance, especially during these long winter evenings. Young people should turn over a new leaf for the new year, and the new leaf should be in some good book. Our advice is to study more and frolic less if you desire to fit yourselves for the society of cultured people.

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THE TEST MADE BY TWO BROTHERS.

From the Hartwell, Ga., Sun.

A friendly rivalry for wealth arose between two brothers of our county a few years ago. One of them, not content with the slow manner of accumulation by hard toils on the poor lands of this country, concluded he would go west, where it affords only a question of very small amount of labor to secure a competency. The world goes to meet the necessities of a long life. The mercenary youth landed in Texas, the seeming paradise of the world to some people. A few days ago, the brother who was content to remain in our country and risk the slow process, received a letter from his brother in Texas asking him for a small loan as he was absolutely destitute of the necessities for the sustenance of life. He had \$300 in his pocket, which he had sent to his brother, and \$100 in his pocket. Coal oil was poured on the building, and then fire. It was a bold attempt as there were seven other houses in the neighborhood.

The fire was started at Walker station, the Brunswick and Albany railroad, was robbed again on last Thursday night. The steamer damaged this time to \$20 in money and a side of meat. The money was in the agent's desk drawer and belonged to the railroad company, and the meat was stolen from a box of meat that had just been shipped out from Albany on Thursday evening, and was consigned to Dr. C. W. Arnold. This makes the second time that the depot at Walker station has been robbed within the last few weeks.

In Hart county two colored men, Sam Johnson and Harrison McCurry, got into a quarrel. McCurry drew a pistol when Johnson picked up a stone. McCurry then fired at Johnson three times, one shot penetrating his heart, killing him instantly. McCurry is black and Johnson is a very bad negro, while Johnson is said to have been a quiet and orderly man. Johnson had \$30 in his pocket, which he had sent to his brother, and \$100 in his pocket. Coal oil was poured on the building, and then fire. It was a bold attempt as there were seven other houses in the neighborhood.

On last Wednesday night Mr. Bailey Barton's barn, at Pine Log, in Bartow county, was set fire to and burned to the ground. The barn was discovered unburned till late at night. The loss was considerable. Three fine mares, valued at \$500, were burned alive; 700 bushels of corn, 10,000 bundles of fodder, several hundred bushels of oats and about twenty-five tons of hay—all in the barn—was entirely destroyed. The estimated loss is about \$3,000. No insurance. Queen Moore and Jack Moore, two negroes living near Bartow, were arrested and charged with having broken into the barn and set it on fire. They were held in jail on \$100 bail each and placed in jail.

The woman acknowledged to knowing who did the burning, but refused to tell who it is. She is thought to be guilty partly, as there are many circumstances pointing to her guilt, and it is thought there will be sufficient proof forthcoming by court to convict her of the crime. The man is believed to be an accomplice.

Milledgeville Chronicle. The attendants had to perform an unusual dance in the amusement hall of the male convalescent building last Saturday night and enjoyed it exceedingly. While it was going on some of the male and female convalescent patients had a musical and literary entertainment in the amusement hall of the female convalescent building. On last Tuesday night they had also general dance, and on Thursday night, December 30th, they had a general dance in the hall of the female convalescent, which was attended by patients, attendants and visitors in an endless variety of costumes and masks. It would take the whole of a long article to give any adequate idea of the characters, fun, frolic and enjoyment of the occasion. Dr. Hall was sage manager and general director with some of the convalescent patients and attendants as actors and actresses put up, and presented the amusing comedy of "Barney the Baron" with considerable success.

McCormick said to find a suitable dramatic talent with the facilities of a amateur amateur. He has had a stage erected in the large hall in the male convalescent building, and supplied it with the same scenery that the opera house in Milledgeville had before the new scenery they have recently bought. So, with his menagerie, his dramatic corps, two brass bands and a "Dibellotti club," picnics, billiard and bagatelle tables, magic lanterns and legitimate pantomimes, there is no end to the resources of pleasure and amusement for "his pets."

WHISKY BY THE GALLON.

From the Cumming, Ga., Clarion.

In the neighboring county of Milam, whisky is sold in gallon bottles in three places. The proprietors of the whisky shop have state licenses, and there is no way to get rid of them except by voting prohibition. This will probably be done during this year.

THE INWARD FREIGHT.

From the Marshallville, Ga., Times.

The railroads having about completed the work of removing the cotton crop are now putting on extra trains to bring grain to the planters with which to make another crop.

DELIGHTFULLY INDEFINITE.

From the Early Ga., Banner.

A colored man, whose name we do not know, is in jail charged with killing another man of the same hue and kind at Crumley's still in this county. We know none of the circumstances of the crime.

THE FIRE DEPARTMENT.

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SAD AND SERIOUS.

A GREAT CHANGE TAKING PLACE IN CLUVIERUS.

He Made Aware of the Extremity of His Situation and of the Hopelessness of His Case—Arrangements for the Execution Completed—Notes Come from the Hanging.

From the Richmond Dispatch.

Cluvierus was a changed man yesterday. He was no longer sprightly and cheery, but was taciturn and thoughtful. His manners to visitors is always polite, but he had no heart to talk with those who came to see him.

Friday morning he was, for a man in his situation, in good spirits; but before the evening was far advanced a great melancholy settled upon him, the result, as it is believed, but not known, of his interview with Mr. Bev. Crump and Rev. John S. Wise. In the latter ever meditated taking the case to the United States court, but have seen that it would be a fruitless undertaking and so informed the condemned. As for Mr. Crump, it must be left to him to say that every possible resource has been tried and exhausted.

Another Friday evening after the visitors had all gone the prisoner began to grow moody, and is now showing the crushing effect of the removal of all care and hope. He is not the man to advertise by his appearance what is passing in his mind and give away to emotions that the news he has received is news that no mortal man in good health can bear without experiencing a crushing sensation upon him.

VISITORS.—Mr. Dunn, who is the day watchman in Custer's room, and of whom the prisoner is very fond, was unwell yesterday and another man was filling his place.

Mrs. Tunstall and Dr. Hatcher were among the prisoner's visitors yesterday. The latter with him an hour or more, much of which time was spent in prayer.

The mother and father of Cluvierus will be here in a day or two if the ice does not prevent their crossing the Potomac river to bid their son a last farewell.

Prisoner gets his meals as usual from a cookshop, but his appetite is now completely feeble. He has more pluck than nine hundred and ninety-nine out of a thousand, but he would be more than mortal if he could sustain it much longer. Everybody speaks of him as a man of wonderful nerve, and so he is; but he is now in his time putting the truth out of his sight—dying and hoping. Now all at once, as it were, he has to make up his mind to face death, and such a death.

THE EXECUTION.—Sergeant Smith has quietly made all preparations for the hanging. The Henries gallows which Charles Lee and Barbara Miller were married in has been obtained, and will be set up in the first bay window you enter the prison from the public gate on Marshall street. It will be in the corner between that gate and the iron-barred gate leading into the white-painted ward. A new rope has been bought.

Sergeant Smith has many applications for tickets of admission to the execution; but the law and the space at his command for spectators equally forbid any large or indiscriminate issue.

It is astounding that anybody not called to present on such an occasion, but so it is.

HIS BOOK.—Several offers were made for the purchase of Cluvierus' history of his life, but the decision has been made that the MS. will not be sold, and the same will go to the reimbursement of Mrs. Jane Tunstall, the prisoner's aunt, to whom he is indebted for his collegiate education, for his professional training, and more than all, for furnishing funds for his defense. His expenses on this account have footed up probably more than seven or eight thousand dollars, and have nearly extirpated his fortune. Besides lawyers' fees—which, from the start were moderate—expeditions had to be made to hunt up witnesses, to prosecute inquiries of various sorts, to pay for certain stenographic work at the trial, to pay for printing, etc.

Without Mrs. Tunstall's assistance it seems unlikely that Cluvierus could have made the procedure that he has, and he shows a sense of gratitude in wishing to do something towards making up, at least, the sum he has paid out for him.

Cluvierus writes quite well. His life's history outside of the crime is a very short one, and probably does not occupy much space in his book. As for the rest it is a declaration of innocence, and an examination of the testimony upon which he was convicted. He writes a small, nimble hand, rather precise, though he does not at all conform to the rules of punctuation even as to full stops.

The fact that he has written this book from the stamp that he has always maintained that his relatives are about to incur a large expense in publishing it, and the stuff of which the book seems to be made, rather encourage the idea that no matter what others similarly minded may have done, he will die declaring his innocence.

There are some who have opportunities for frequent conversations with the prisoner who predict that he will confess. Most of them, however, believe that he will not. To the brethren of the press have ever maintained that when they communicated to him the fact that the supreme court of appeals had denied the last prop from under him, by refusing him a new trial, Cluvierus said, in substance, that if he did so he would implicate others. But this he has done, and the press have let the matter rest as being a thing where a misunderstanding was possible.

If a confession is ever made it will not be until he is satisfied of the fact—that which the general public is pretty confident—that Governor Lee will not interfere with the course of the law by any means.

In the event that Cluvierus with his latest breath insists that he is innocent, his book will sell well. In case of confession the book, if ever published at all, will be read only as one of the curiosities of criminal literature.

Judging from Willie Cluvierus and Mrs. Tunstall's affection for the prisoner, unquestionably he would wish him to do what is best for his son's sake, but without reference to their feelings or supposed interests.

Willie Cluvierus stated last night that the printing of the book would be done by Andrew, Baptist & Clemmitt, of this city; that three copies would be issued, and that the work would be finished in a week. The prints now have the MS. in hand. The book will be copyrighted. It will make 22,000 words and cost 50 cents.

HE MADE NO ANSWER.—The views of several of the Richmond members of the legislature on the circular letter of Willie Cluvierus have already been given. Willie L. Carter was seen yesterday and asked what response he had made. He said that, on the part of the legislature, he thought it best to make no reply at all.

Mr. Carter was asked about the Bolling Bill. He said he had known them all; that undoubtedly they told the truth, and that their hesitation in positively identifying Cluvierus was the natural caution of honest and intelligent men, who preferred, if they could, to sit on the side of merey.

A Chance for Health!—Is affected those fast sinking into a condition of hopeless debility. The means are at hand. In the form of a general medicinal cordial, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters embodies the combined qualities of a blood fertilizer and depurant, a tonic and an alterative. While it promotes digestion and assimilation, and stimulates appetite, it has the further effect of purifying the alimentary tract and strengthening the nervous system. As the blood grows richer and purer by its use, they who resort to this sterling medicinal agent, acquire not only vigor, but bodily subsance. A decided change in the secretions is effected by it, and that sure and rapid physical decay, whose chronic obstruction of the functions of the excretory produce, is arrested. The prime cause of disease being removed, health is rapidly restored and vigor restored.

CALIFORNIA WINES (strictly pure). Securely packed. Send for price list. D. MICH. & CO., 735 Broadway, New York.

OBITUARY.

Died on the 1st of January, 1887, at Hartsfield, Fulton county, S. C., Mrs. Bennie Lawton, wife of Mr. T. P. Lawton, and only daughter of Dr. J. D. Marshall, husband of Laura Ann Erwin, deceased, both of Marietta, S. C.

Mrs. Lawton departed this life at the age of 29 years. A little more than two years ago she was summoned from school to the bedside of her mother, whom she nursed with tender care during the months of her convalescence. At the death of her mother she became mistress of the house and the home, the source and the pride of her father and stepmother. She was their only daughter with singular proficiency for one so young, and her loving heart failed not to reciprocate the love bestowed upon herself by all the members of the household.

On the 1st of April, 1885, she was joined in marriage to Mr. T. P. Lawton, above named, a son of the late Mr. H. B. Lawton, of the D. of Barnwell county, S. C. Mr. Lawton is a general merchant, and an old and a kind and affectionate husband, and an excellent man in his station. In September last they received the birth of a daughter, with whom an infant son gained the admiration and the love of his parents. She was soon taken ill, however, and died suddenly. In the bloom of health, she was a most lovely girl, and in less than a week she was carried away from her husband and friends, and her lovely little daughter.

Mrs. Lawton was a faithful member of the church of Christ. Sprightly and buoyant in spirit, and in the service of the Lord, she was withal a firm and zealous Christian, loved the Bible and the Word of God, and was a good example to several during her brief illness she spoke of her dying end and of her unwavering trust in Jesus. Before her death she wrote to her beloved husband and child, she said: "God has been good to me." I am going to the Savior—going to Him," and in one of her last words she repeated the following lines:

"Nothing in my hands I bring,
Simply to Thy cross I cling."

Her remains were accompanied to Erwinson by her husband and his brother, Mr. Joseph J. Lawton, of Hartsfield.

By the request of her father the funeral services were conducted by Rev. Dr. W. E. Bernard, a Baptist minister, and she was buried in the Erwinson church cemetery. In the family box of her parents.

Mr. Lawton is a man in his situation, in good spirits, but before the evening was far advanced a great melancholy settled upon him, the result, as it is believed, but not known, of his interview with Mr. Bev. Crump and Rev. John S. Wise. In the latter ever meditated taking the case to the United States court, but have seen that it would be a fruitless undertaking and so informed the condemned. As for Mr. Crump, it must be left to him to say that every possible resource has been tried and exhausted.

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Cluvierus writes quite well. His life's history outside of the crime is a very short one, and probably does not occupy much space in his book. As for the rest it is a declaration of innocence, and an examination of the testimony upon which he was convicted. He writes a small, nimble hand, rather precise, though he does not at all conform to the rules of punctuation even as to full stops.

The fact that he has written this book from the stamp that he has always maintained that his relatives are about to incur a large expense in publishing it, and the stuff of which the book seems to be made, rather encourage the idea that no matter what others similarly minded may have done, he will die declaring his innocence.

There are some who have opportunities for frequent conversations with the prisoner who predict that he will confess. Most of them, however, believe that he will not. To the brethren of the press have ever maintained that when they communicated to him the fact that the supreme court of appeals had denied the last prop from under him, by refusing him a new trial, Cluvierus said, in substance, that if he did so he would implicate others. But this he has done, and the press have let the matter rest as being a thing where a misunderstanding was possible.

If a confession is ever made it will not be until he is satisfied of the fact—that which the general public is pretty confident—that Governor Lee will not interfere with the course of the law by any means.

In the event that Cluvierus with his latest breath insists that he is innocent, his book will sell well. In case of confession the book, if ever published at all, will be read only as one of the curiosities of criminal literature.

Judging from Willie Cluvierus and Mrs. Tunstall's affection for the prisoner, unquestionably he would wish him to do what is best for his son's sake, but without reference to their feelings or supposed interests.

Willie Cluvierus stated last night that the printing of the book would be done by Andrew, Baptist & Clemmitt, of this city; that three copies would be issued, and that the work would be finished in a week. The prints now have the MS. in hand. The book will be copyrighted. It will make 22,000 words and cost 50 cents.

HE MADE NO ANSWER.—The views of several of the Richmond members of the legislature on the circular letter of Willie Cluvierus have already been given. Willie L. Carter was seen yesterday and asked what response he had made. He said that, on the part of the legislature, he thought it best to make no reply at all.

Mr. Carter was asked about the Bolling Bill. He said he had known them all; that undoubtedly they told the truth, and that their hesitation in positively identifying Cluvierus was the natural caution of honest and intelligent men, who preferred, if they could, to sit on the side of merey.

A Chance for Health!—Is affected those fast sinking into a condition of hopeless debility. The means are at hand. In the form of a general medicinal cordial, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters embodies the combined qualities of a blood fertilizer and depurant, a tonic and an alterative. While it promotes digestion and assimilation, and stimulates appetite, it has the further effect of purifying the alimentary tract and strengthening the nervous system. As the blood grows richer and purer by its use, they who resort to this sterling medicinal agent, acquire not only vigor, but bodily subsance. A decided change in the secretions is effected by it, and that sure and rapid physical decay, whose chronic obstruction of the functions of the excretory produce, is arrested. The prime cause of disease being removed, health is rapidly restored and vigor restored.

CALIFORNIA WINES (strictly pure). Securely packed. Send for price list. D. MICH. & CO., 735 Broadway, New York.

MADE WALTON—LAW.—A superior court, fall term, from the regular bench, will be held at the American Hotel, 10th and Peachtree streets, and throughout the state of Georgia, on the 2d and 3d of February, 1887, for the trial of the criminal causes of the 1st and 2d terms, 1886, and for the trial of the criminal causes of the 1st term, 1887, and for the trial of the criminal causes of the 1st term, 1888, and for the trial of the criminal causes of the 1st term, 1889, and for the trial of the criminal causes of the 1st term, 1890, and for the trial of the criminal causes of the 1st term, 1891, and for the trial of the criminal causes of the 1st term, 1892, and for the trial of the criminal causes of the 1st term, 1893, and for the trial of the criminal causes of the 1st term, 1894, and for the trial of the criminal causes of the 1st term, 1895, and for the trial of the criminal causes of the 1st term, 1896, and for the trial of the criminal causes of the 1st term, 1897, and for the trial of 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THE CONSTITUTION.

Published Daily and Weekly.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION IS PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE WEEK, AND IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS IN THE CITY, OR MAILED, POSTAGE FREE, AT \$1.00 PER MONTH, \$2.00 FOR THREE MONTHS, OR \$10 A YEAR.

THE CONSTITUTION IS FOR SALE ON ALL TRAINS LEADING OUT OF ATLANTA, AND AT NEWS STANDS IN THE PRINCIPAL SOUTHERN CITIES.

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THE CONSTITUTION,

Atlanta, Ga.

General Eastern Agent. J. J. FLYNN,

23 Park Row, New York, N.Y.

ATLANTA, GA., JANUARY 11, 1887.

INDICATIONS for Atlanta,
Fair taken at 1 o'clock a.m.: WARM
Fair weather; slightly warmer.
North Carolina, South Carolina,
Georgia, Florida and Alabama: cold north
winds becoming warmer; fair weather.

AFTER a lingering illness, John Roach died yesterday from the cancer with which he has so long suffered.

The Chicago clergy object to the ballot because "it is inexclusively and excessively fleshy." Never judge a play by the billboards.

THE question of colonial federation is being agitated in England, and the admission of colonial delegates to the cabinet is by no means an improbability.

It is said that the death of General Logan strengthens Blaine's chances for 1888. Scientists also say that a simoom in the Yellow Sea is not without its effects in the Gulf of Mexico.

The cockpit is an institution in the capital city of South Carolina which is dearly cherished. It is located just three doors from the courthouse, and has no fears of the ministrations of the law.

ATLANTA will watch the baseball record the coming season with equanimity. Too much sameness in a city's pleasures produces inertia, and for this reason Atlanta will try something new.

PRESIDENT AND MRS. CLEVELAND and the members of the cabinet, have been invited to visit Montreal during the carnival, as the guests of the governor general. They will probably be searched for guns when they reach English territory.

THE Augusta Chronicle is now issued every day in the week, its first regular Monday edition appearing yesterday. This is a move in keeping with the progress of the times, and an essential feature in so well conducted a journal as the Chronicle.

THE story of a shocking crime comes from Jackson county, where a citizen was taken out by masked men and tortured into confession of a burglary of which he was suspected. The officers are now in pursuit of the parties who committed the outrage.

THE senatorial contest in New York grows interesting. It is between Levi P. Morton (\$5,000,000), Wood Pulp Miller (\$1,000,000), Chancery Depew (\$6,000,000), and one or two others, aggregating about \$4,000,000. The indications are that \$5,000,000 will win.

BILL has been introduced in congress making appropriation for, and authorizing the appointment of, a committee to investigate the peculiarities of the formation of the earth's crust. This committee should also be required to visit the Sun, and examine into the peculiarities of its spots.

ERICSSON'S latest discovery in the way of marine engines of destruction is said to be the most powerful agent known for destructive marine warfare. Congress will be asked to build ten vessels after the great scientist's plans. One of these vessels could, it is said, sink the Invincible, the most formidable ironclad of the British navy, in fifteen minutes. Ericsson now 84 years old.

THE benefits arising from co-operative building societies are better demonstrated in Philadelphia than elsewhere. Fifty thousand buildings are owned by the members of these societies in that city. The owners are mostly those who earn moderate salaries, and who put aside a part of their earnings in co-operative institutions. Hundreds of houses in Atlanta have been built the same way.

AN English writer condemns the American habit of drinking water at meals, and remarks that "if the Americans had as little use for water as the English, it is not improbable that they would become as healthy, temperate, and as pure in life as the English themselves." This is the acme of sarcasm. Probably, if the English tried more of water there would be fewer revolting scandals in high life.

THE legislative pass question is agitating the members of the Missouri legislature. It is charged that the acceptance of free passes from the railroads, is the cause of much hypocrisy and deception. It would be a candid admission on the part of those voting to prevent the acceptance of such favors from the railroads, that they were either hypocrites or deceivers. Such frankness would be as refreshing as commendable.

THE Buffalo Express is so much pleased with Speaker Husted's address, on taking the chair, that it wants everybody to read it. It was in this speech, we believe, that he swore to be an honest man—hereafter. The enthusiasm of the Express is unnecessary. The democratic press in a spirit of fairness, has published the fact of his surprising announcement, but as it is not in keeping with the policy of the republicans, the able editors of the latter party will probably keep it dark.

AN Indiana paper thus gives vent to its anger: "Down their cowardly souls. The members of the supreme court of Indiana are afraid of their shadows." This has the genuine ring about it, and should command the Indiana editor to all true Americans. However, if the same had appeared in a Texas paper, two thousand Indians could have been found in fifteen minutes, ready to volunteer for missionary work among the uncivilized of the Lone Star state.

ELIAS BARRITT, the oldest resident of Erie, and probably the oldest practicing lawyer in the United States, died on Sunday.

day, in his ninety-second year. He was born in Providence, R. I., admitted to the Pennsylvania bar in 1824, served in the State legislature as representative and senator, and was representative in congress in 1858 to 1862. He tried a suit in court during the past summer and retained his faculties to the last.

A Wild Scheme.

The Philadelphia Record, a remarkably conservative journal, asks: "Why not buy Liberia and make it a penal colony for negro convicts?"

Our contemporary believes that by settling our negro convicts in Liberia they would gradually build up that country and do for it what the English convicts did for New South Wales.

We do not see why we should make any extraordinary efforts in behalf of Liberia. It is about the last spot on the globe to think of purchasing with any hope of a profit. Nor does the penal colony business commend itself. Would it not be better by the "unusual punishment" clause in the federal constitution? If the banishment of a negro chicken thief to Africa does not come under the head of "unusual punishment," then the language is meaningless. The whole thing is too un-American to be considered for a moment.

Contradictory Scientific Teachings.

The scientists lead us a dance when we look to them for the truth. What they declare to be an established fact today may be considered a ridiculous absurdity tomorrow.

Take the single master of alcohol. With the growth of temperance ideas we have had a surprising quantity of readable literature published to prove that alcohol is not only poisonous, but useless. Alleged scientists, some of them reputable medical men, have declared that alcohol is found nowhere in nature except when nature is in decay; that it is not food; that it is not beneficial as a medicine, and is always injurious as a beverage.

The exports into continental ports, for the same period, have been \$4,000,000.

The imports into continental ports, for the same period, have been \$4,000,000. There has been an increase in the cotton in sight, tonight, of 122,410 bales as compared with the same date of 1886, an increase of 111,691 bales as compared with the corresponding date of 1885, and a decrease of 160,344 bales as compared with 1886.

The old interior stocks have decreased during the week 18,693 bales, and are tonight 110,839 bales less than at the same period of last year. The receipts at the same towns have been 7,801 less than the same week last year, and since September 1, the receipts at all the towns are 18,727 bales less than for the same period in 1885-86.

The total receipts from the plantations since September 1, 1886, were 4,290,934 bales; in 1885-86 were 4,270,355 bales; in 1884-85 were 4,129,080 bales. Though the receipts at the outports the past week were 159,044 bales, the actual movement from plantations for the same week were 123,583 bales, and for 1885 they were 105,291 bales.

The increase in the amount in sight on the night of January 7, as compared with last year, is 27,329 bales, the increase as compared with 1884-85 is 351,648 bales, and the increase over 1883-84 is 460,412 bales.

The total sales for forwarded delivery for the week were 283,400 bales. For immediate delivery the total sales foot up this week 3,317 bales, including 200 for export, 2,651 for consumption, 466 for speculation and — in transit. Of the above 250 bales were to arrive.

The Chronicle says that the speculation in cotton for future delivery at New York has been only moderately active for the week ending January 7, and the feeling somewhat unsettled, the fluctuations in prices showing, to an extent that is unusual, the effect of manipulation, without regard to, and sometimes in the face of, the more obvious influences. Thus there was something of a bull movement at the close of Monday. Late on Tuesday after the receipt of a bonyant report from Liverpool, there was a selling movement which carried figures down to about the closing figures of the previous Friday. A decidedly lower Liverpool on Wednesday caused only a slight decline with us and it was soon recovered. Thursday an early advance on a much better report from Liverpool was followed by a sharp decline under war-like rumors from London. Friday the market opened stronger, but declined under the weak report from Liverpool. Cotton on the spot has been quiet, but quotations were advanced [1-16c] on Tuesday. Thursday there was rather more doing for home consumption. Friday the market was steady at 9-16c for middling uplands.

An Interesting Question.

A New York judge is now wrestling with the most puzzling question of his judicial career. It seems that an incubator company was incorporated to "manufacture chickens."

The point is made that chickens produced by artificial incubation are not manufactured in the eye of the law. On the other hand, the incorporators claim that if manufacturing is the conversion of raw material into a form suitable for use, then they are manufacturers, because eggs are raw material and it certainly makes them more useful to turn them into chickens!

A mother gave her little boy two bright, new pennies and asked him what he was going to do with them. After a moment's thought the child replied: "I am going to give one to the mission and with the other I am going to buy a piece of candy." After a while he returned from his play and told his mother that he had lost one of the pennies. "Let me out! I've got salvation!" Let me go home and bear the blessed tidings to my unbelieving wife." "There is no violation of the law in all that!" "No; but when he was edging toward the door I jammed him up against the wall and unloaded three watches and four pocketbooks from his clothes.—Texas Effings.

Necessarily So." And what was the disposition of the remains? "Was asked of a man who came to collect his mother's debts. The disposition of the remains?" he replied. "Yes, it was quiet and peaceful."—Harper's Bazaar.

You have local option in your county, I believe?" said a native to a stranger. "Yes," was the reply. "What is the law?" "Well, first of all you have the option of getting your drink at a drug store or going dry."—Fitzburg Chronicle.

Young woman to dealer—I want to look at a cane that would be suitable for Christmas gift. Dealer—For a young or an old gentleman, ma'am? Farmer—For a young man, I suppose. Dealer—Quite young. Dealer—You know what size hat you wear? A sensible young woman—Five and a half, I think. Dealer—Yes. The largest size will please him best. That is the hat, but, ma'am, the larger the cane, the longer it will be.

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Merriman—Yes, I've noticed it; but why do you ask me that?

Graves—Oh, I merely remarked it.

Merriman—Is that all? I thought perhaps you were not feeling well.—Lowell Citizen.

I WANT a Bible," said a tall, gaunt woman, stepping into a book store on Woodward avenue. "I am a widow, aged 65, and I have no children." The woman, dressed in a simple black dress, was a widow of Mr. Gilmer, of Georgia, and came to Alabama in 1870. She was welcomed by all confederate soldiers, and during the war was a member of the Ladies' Memorial Association, and was afterwards transferred to Memphis. He next went to New Orleans and established himself in business, and then to New Orleans, went to St. Louis and Cincinnati, and established agencies. He returned here a few months ago and became quite popular. The detective refused to tell anything.

DEATH OF MRS. BIBB.

A Woman With a Remarkable Record for Well-Doing.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., January 10.—[Special.] Mrs. Sophia L. A. Bibb, widow of the late Judge E. S. Bibb, died last night at nine o'clock aged eighty-five. She was one of the remarkable women of Alabama. She was a sister of Governor Gilmer, of Georgia, and came to Alabama in 1870. She was welcomed by all confederate soldiers, and during the war was a member of the Ladies' Memorial Association, and was afterwards transferred to Memphis. He next went to New Orleans and established himself in business, and then to New Orleans, went to St. Louis and Cincinnati, and established agencies. He returned here a few months ago and became quite popular. The detective refused to tell anything.

A Female Candidate.

Indianapolis letter to Courier-Journal.

I was introduced to Miss Nellie Ahern, one of the leading democratic candidates, in her reception room. She is a very attractive young lady, with pleasing features and warm eyes.

She spoke hopefully of her prospects. "The Librarian," she said, "is elected in joint convention, just as the United States senator is, and as our party has two majority, we rely on the courage of our legislators to preserve that majority."

Said I: "You are the first candidate for librarian. It has been my pleasure to meet Miss Ahern. Please let me know if the other candidates are, as rule, good looking."

"Myself I have not seen all of them," replied Miss Ahern. "But two of them are very pretty, indeed. They are Miss Stockhouse and Miss Pendleton. I hope you will meet them, for they are sweet, charming girls."

"There are several widows among the number," she added archly, after a pause.

I imagined that I thought my heart beat a little faster.

KILLED BY A PENCIL.

A Strange Death Reported from Florence, S. C.

COLUMBIA, S. C., January 10.—[Special.] C. H. Barber, a merchant of Florence, died yesterday from the result of a strange accident. One day about two months ago, while standing in front of his store, he was approached from behind by a friend, who playfully threw his arms around Barber's neck. A scuffle ensued in which Barber's head was drawn downward and his right arm bent in contact with the sharp point of a small lead pencil sticking out of the friend's vest pocket. The pencil, which was about an inch and a quarter long, had cut through the skin and muscle, and was embedded in the flesh. Barber would suffer no other inconvenience, but in a few days it became evident that he had punctured the optic nerve, and soon after the following morning he died. Barber lingered in great agony until yesterday, when he died. The autopsy showed that the brain had literally rotted away.

Cook Fighting in Columbia.

COLUMBIA, S. C., January 10.—[Special.]—Several sporting men from Chester brought ten fine game cocks to this city Friday, and succeeded in making a match with local professional cock fighters for ten nights at \$50 each. The battle took place at the Royal Hotel, and the combatants, from the best and most expert, were the Chester birds, in every main but one. Several thousand dollars changed hands in the result. The fight, however, was last night, and the bird which had the license to cockfight for the last night, was paid \$1000, a premium, to prohibit the sport being defeated by an overwhelming majority.

Real Estate Movements in Anniston.

ANNISTON, Ala., January 10.—[Special.] The real estate men organized an association today. The city council have fixed license of \$100 to engage in the business.

Riddle & Co. have sold out their wholesale groceries to Messrs. Smith & Warren, of Oxford, and are engaged in a large business of \$10,000. The stock is all taken by residents of Anniston and Oxford.

John C. Jones, in the new corporation in Omaha, known as the Anniston Land company, has been sold. Their purchase there embraces 300 acres of land.

Comments of the Press.

Richmond Dispatch: When the telegraph announces that "the living skeleton is dead," it should give names, or the country may be flooded with biographical sketches of Sara Bernhardt.

Philadelphia News: Our esteemed, the Legislator Record, may be expected out soon. And if he should fit like getting it out the editor may answer every purpose by mailing a back number of last year to his subscribers.

Indianapolis Journal: Speaking of the lieutenant governor, Senator Voorhees says: "We have won a victory, and we do not propose to be violently deprived of its fruits." The victory was at the polls, it is the "victory" of political cut-throats over the constitution and laws.

Richmond Whig: A presidential bee of a very large size is buzzing in Governor Hill's bonnet, and a man would be blind to the drift of pub-

lic sentiment not to see that he will be a very popular candidate and a strong candidate.

Omaha Bee: Prohibition in Georgia is provoking a bananza for the express companies. In Atlanta alone from 250 to 300 jugs of liquor are being delivered every day. Men are now poisoning themselves

ALABAMA'S BOOM.

TUSCALOOSA FEELS THE THRILL OF PROGRESS.

The Organization of a Coal and Iron Company to Develop the Warrior River Valley Resources—Sheffield Makes Fresh Progress—Alabama News in General.

TUSCALOOSA, Ala., January 10.—[Special]—For some weeks it has been rumored that negotiations were pending that would secure ample capital for the upbuilding of Tuscaloosa, which as the head of navigation on the Warrior river, is the natural gateway to the gulf of the Warrior coal fields.

At a late hour Saturday a contract was signed by a number of leading citizens of this place and capitalists from other points, for the organization of the Tuscaloosa Coal, Iron and Improving company, a subscription having been effected amounting to \$100,000. Before noon the rush by local subscribers and by telegraph was so great that the books had to be closed for the present. \$100,000 was taken by telegraph, by Birmingham capitalists, Montgomery, Nashville and other cities asking by telegraph for large blocks of stock, while our own people are clamoring for more. The company has secured fifteen hundred acres of valuable unimproved land, entirely bounded by the railroad and river, besides a large number of lots in the city, and ample acreage of coal and iron lands a few miles distant. The splendid location of this city, its magnificent water power in the falls just above the city, its water transportation to the gulf, its proximity to the vast deposits of coal and iron, have long pointed to it as the site for a great manufacturing city, and now that an organized company has been formed, the spirit is enthusiastic over the outlook. Today a number of important transactions have been made, the purchases in many cases being from other points. Inquiries by mail and telegraph are many, and the extent and soundness of the boom is a matter of astonishment to our people. The permanent organization and capitalization of the land company will be effected at an early day, and the work of improvement earnestly and effectively begun.

SHEFFIELD NEWS.

SHEFFIELD, Ala., January 10.—[Special]—Notwithstanding the cold, freezing weather the Sheffield boom continues to blow. A large force of hands, under the immediate supervision of Colonel F. D. McMillan, president, and Mr. John I. Hall, vice-president of the Sheffield and Alabama Steel Railroads, are hard at work grading today. The ancient city of Tuscaloosa woke up from her many years' sleep Van Winkle sleep when a little after daylight the sound of the pick and shovel was heard on her streets. In an interview with the officers of the road it was stated that the work commenced will be rapidly prosecuted, and the road will be thoroughly completed. The entire route will be in running order within six months. The force is working from Tuscaloosa to Sheffield, but during the week they will perhaps be distributed all along the route.

A BANK FOR SHEFFIELD.

The First National Bank of Sheffield Organized.

SHEFFIELD, January 10.—[Special]—The First National Bank of Sheffield was organized at Sheffield, Ala., on the 7th of January, with a capital stock of \$100,000.

The directors are C. D. Woodson, president; Horace Ware, W. S. White, O. N. Nelson and E. C. Wilson.

Through the prominent stockholders are E. W. Cole, Mr. Sturr, J. Hill Eakin, William Moore, Max Sax and J. B. Killbrew, of Nashville; Horace Ware, Joseph P. Johnston, J. C. Henley and John W. Johnston, of Birmingham; O. O. Nelson, of Montgomery; R. B. Lindsay, J. A. Steele, William A. Johnson, of Tuscaloosa; Henry Haffeler and C. D. Woodson, of Sheffield, and E. C. Wilson, of Russellville, Ala.

Mr. C. D. Woodson, is now in New York City buying the United States bonds which the law require to be deposited with the secretary of the treasury. He will deposit them next week and will then go at once to Sheffield and begin the business of the First National bank of that place.

THE SOUTHERN ROADS.

An Important Meeting of the Passenger Committee Today.

PITTSBURG, January 10.—A number of railroads officially passed through the city this morning en route to New York, where they will attend a meeting of the board of directors of the association, which will be held at the Hotel Brunswick tomorrow. The association includes among its members the Atlantic Coast Line; Carolina Central railroad; East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia; the Georgia railroad; Georgia Pacific, Louisville and Nashville; Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis; New York, Philadelphia and St. Louis; Pennsylvania railroad; Port Royal and Augusta; Richmond and Danville; Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potowmack; Savannah, Florida and Western; South Carolina; Western and Atlantic; Western of Alabama; and the Atlanta and West Point roads. Tomorrow's meetings will be more important than ever before in the history of the association. There are a number of roads which have repeatedly refused to state definitely whether they would become members. They have been asked to do so, and have finally agreed to do so, and have fixtures and commissions to suit themselves, until finally the association has decided to make no more effort to induce the outsiders to become members and accept the rulings of the Southern Passenger association.

General Passager Agent C. Patmore, of the Louisville and Nashville, and his associates officials in route to New York to attend the meeting. When seen at the station this morning, he said:

There are many things of interest to come up at the meeting tomorrow. The life of the association is at stake. The territory is not fully covered, and several lines that are not in the association must determine whether or not they will become members. They have been dilly-dallying so long. They must now say positively what they propose doing, and when to come in, if their some arrangement can be done up. These other roads will not be governed by our rules, especially for commissioners. They may have some commissions to offer, but the lines that are in the association cannot pay commissions until an order is first obtained from the commissioner.

Cincinnati and Jacksonville Line Now Open.

The Cincinnati Southern railway, Western and Atlantic, and Central railroad of Georgia, are now running Main Boudin and Pullman Palace Buffet sleeping cars between Cincinnati and Jacksonville, passing through the main passenger depot in Atlanta. In the temporary absence of the cars for travel over the Cincinnati Southern railway last week, holders of through tickets over this line, and in the cars via Nashville and Louisville without any extra charge to passengers, made same time to and from Jacksonville as other lines.

LARGEST AMERICAN DIAMOND.

A Diamond Worth \$45,000 Put Up for a Sailor Keeper's Ball.

NEW YORK, January 10.—Ten days ago a band of Gypsies pitched their tents just across the river from the city, in Pearl river swamp. Among them was a young and beautiful woman, who was said to be the "Gypsy Queen." On Thursday night, during a severe storm, she became a mother, giving birth to twins. It was plain that the twins died on the day of her birth, and notwithstanding the best medical aid to be had in this city, the mother died also. Since that time a queer and weird ceremony peculiar to these wandering people, had been going on in the tent where the body of the dead queen had rested. The grief of her husband, as well as that of the other Gypsies, seems to have been of a most intense nature, and it was evident that they had never seen and novel to people not acquainted with the methods of the Gypsies. The finest basket to be had was purchased and the remains, accompanied by a delegation of the Gypsy party, were carried by an express train to Dayton, Ohio, where, it is said, repose the ashes of all the deceased American Gypsy queens.

Large Blaze in Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., January 10.—At three o'clock this morning fire broke out in the building occupied by S. T. Moore & Co., a furniture, auction and dry-goods house, situated on the corner of Main and Muhammad streets. The fire, which was very rapid, spread over the entire building, and rendered the work of the firemen hazardous.

This differs from the bill of last session, in that it relates to the mails named only.

Mr. Frye says he is encouraged to introduce this bill by the fact that the president and postmaster general have officially expressed themselves in favor of the appropriation.

Caught in the Band Wheel.

WASHINGTON, January 10.—Senator Frye today proposed an amendment to the postage appropriation bill making an appropriation of \$90,000 for the transportation of the Central and South American mail to the United States.

This differs from the bill of last session, in that it relates to the mails named only.

Mr. Frye says he is encouraged to introduce this bill by the fact that the president and postmaster general have officially expressed themselves in favor of the appropriation.

Arrested and Lodged in Jail.

COLUMBIA, S. C., January 10.—[Special]—W. W. Latta, a jeweler at Darlington, has been arrested and lodged in jail, in default of bail, upon a warrant issued at the instance of Henry Carter, wholesale jeweler, of Baltimore, charging Latta with disposing of his property with intent to defraud his creditors.

Caught in the Band Wheel.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 10.—Alice Oates, the well-known comic opera singer, died this evening, the result of a heart attack. She had wasted away greatly under a painful confinement of disease and death was a welcome relief.

Painted especially for this play by M. Garfield Mac-Adams & Co.; Correct Appointments and appropriate Costumes, and the entire production perfect in every detail.

Prices: \$1.00, 50¢ and 25¢. Reserved seats at Miller's.

Jan 9 12 13 14 15

THEY WANT A NEW SCHOOL HOUSE.

The Citizens of the First Ward Meet and Discuss This Proposition.

A large and enthusiastic meeting of first ward citizens was held yesterday afternoon, on Haynes street, last night in answer to a call made through the press last week.

Many of Atlanta's most prominent citizens were present. At half-past seven o'clock the meeting was called to order, and an organization effected by electing Judge J. T. Pendleton chairman and Mr. W. T. Wilson secretary.

Mr. Dunlap stated that the meeting had been convened to consider the question of a school building in that section of the city.

Letters were received from Messrs. E. A. Angier, G. H. Tanner and ex-Mayor Hilliard, regretting their inability to be present and expressing themselves as being heartily in sympathy with the movement. The letters were received with applause.

On motion, a committee composed of W. C. Pendleton, J. T. Pendleton, M. H. Dooly, A. Gifford and T. F. Johnson was appointed to draft a memorial to be presented to the board of education.

The committee adjourned to the drug store on the ground floor to complete their work. During the committee's absence ex-Mayor Goodwin was called upon for a speech. Mr. Goodwin made a strong talk in favor of the proposed school. He addressed the citizens of the first ward, and said that he believed their claim would have been recognized long ago if they had only asked for it.

Mr. W. G. Granling and Mr. W. A. Fuller also addressed the meeting. Mr. Granling, in the course of his remarks, said that the school was not the only thing needed in the first ward, and desired that the school be built at the expense of the community, as well as a new gas light. Mr. Fuller presented many reasons why the proposed school should be established. He referred briefly to the danger incurred by small children in crossing the railroads in going to and from the schools on the south side.

At the conclusion of Mr. Fuller's remarks, the committee returned, and made their report, which was unanimously adopted. The memorial was then forwarded to the board of education.

Whereas, All that locality constituting a sort of spur, between the first and fifth wards, and including as the west part of the first ward and south-west part of the fifth ward, is a portion of the section of the city west of and bordering on the East Tennessee, Georgia Pacific and Western and Atlantic railroads, has been almost or totally without school facilities, excepting the public scenes representing their lowest savage characteristics, and whether in his opinion the same is calculated to elevate and benefit them, and in what way and to what extent the exhibitions are under the auspices of the government of the United States as claimed by the exhibition.

By Mr. James, of New York, a resolution calling on the secretary of interior for information as to the authority under which certain railroads in the state of Georgia, the Western and Atlantic, the Georgia Pacific and the Western and Atlantic, have been allowed to cross the state line, and many other advantages of a city, and

Whereas, The nearest school on one side is Marietta street, being distant by the circuitous route, and the other side is Marietta street, and then at the great hazard of their lives by reason of their exposure to moving trains on the part of the railroad companies, who have been compelled to close the school, and the crossing greatly increased by reason of the fact that the crossing is through the yards where the switching is done. Indeed the perils so great that many hundreds are unable to be accommodated in Marietta, and those who are compelled to go to Marietta are thus wholly deprived of school privileges, while on the other side of Foundry street those who are dependent on Walker street are compelled to take the long and dangerous route, and the crossing is through the yards where the switching is done. The bill provides for the punishment of railroad directors who neglect to observe its provisions.

Mr. Morrison, of Illinois, from the committee on rules, reported a resolution setting apart Wednesday and Thursday next for the consideration of business reported from the committee on judiciary. Agreed to. This order includes Mr. Edmunds' anti-polygamy bill.

"Your honor, I ask for a postponement. I received notice of trial late Saturday. I have it arranged to be here on Friday, and then ought to have a couple of weeks to prepare for trial."

O'Neill was indicted at the same time with the other bootlers, and Justice Barrett asked:

"During all these months since your indictment, you have not consulted counsel?" "No, Sir," answered "Honest John." "I could not spare the money from my business. Business is a little easier now, and I can spare money. I am ready for trial now, but I suppose my counsel will be here to represent me."

The district attorney said, he was ready to go on at any time, and Justice Barrett finally fixed Monday next for the trial, so that it could be finished during January.

A NOVEL CASE.

A Sailor Arrested on a Belgian Ship for Murder.

WASHINGTON, January 10.—A decision was rendered by the supreme court today in a novel and interesting international case, of the trial of Edward J. Jacob, of New York, charged against him as the keeper of the common jail of Hudson county, New Jersey.

Resolved, further, That in our judgment our city should be respectfully, but firmly, urged to forward toward conserving the good morals of this portion of their constituents than by heartily supporting the prayer of this measure.

Resolved, further, That each and each of us pledge ourselves in every honorable way to work both privately and publicly for the consummation of this object.

Resolved, further, That a committee of five be appointed by the chairman of this meeting, whose duty it shall be to see the school committee and also to ascertain the names of the members of the school committee, and to present them with a certified copy of these resolutions; and also that the city papers be requested to publish the same.

The house then adjourned.

A NOVEL CASE.

Another Bootler Brought Before the Bar and Granted Further Time.

NEW YORK, January 10.—In the court of over and terminer, before Justice Barrett, this morning, District Attorney Martine moved the trial of Alderman John O'Neill, one of the leaders of the bootleggers, in the 10th ward, for his participation in the charge of bribery. O'Neill was in court, but without a legal backer, and advancing to a position at the bar directly facing Justice Barrett, he said, his voice trembling and himself the picture of abject humility:

"Your honor, I ask for a postponement. I received notice of trial late Saturday. I have it arranged to be here on Friday, and then ought to have a couple of weeks to prepare for trial."

O'Neill was indicted at the same time with the other bootlers, and Justice Barrett asked:

"During all these months since your indictment, you have not consulted counsel?" "No, Sir," answered "Honest John." "I could not spare the money from my business. Business is a little easier now, and I can spare money. I am ready for trial now, but I suppose my counsel will be here to represent me."

The district attorney said, he was ready to go on at any time, and Justice Barrett finally fixed Monday next for the trial, so that it could be finished during January.

Jake Sharp's Case.

NEW YORK, January 10.—Judge Barratt, in the supreme court today, denied the motion for a change of venue in the case of Jacob Shireman, who was indicted for bribing the bootlegger to pass the Broadwater railway franchise.

A WIDOWED BRIDE.

Her Husband Cuts His Throat Twenty-four Hours After the Marriage.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., January 10.—The Courier-Journal's Morgantown, Butler county, Ky., gives special details of the suicide of S. M. Sterritt. Sterritt was a man of about 40 years of age, and had just married. His mother and sister objected to the match, and refused to allow him to bring his bride to their home. He told them if he could not live there he would leave. He went to his room, secured a razor, and was prepared to use it upon himself by his brother. Then he left, vowing that he would carry out his purpose. Friends who had learned of his state of mind followed him on horseback. One of them came up with him at a point in sight of the house where he had left his bride of twenty-four hours. Sterritt called out to him not to approach him, and the two rode off. They were seen riding in the direction of the bridge across the eastern branch of the Ohio river, and had sole possession of the premises.

The demand for the release of the prisoners was refused, whereupon the consul sued out a writ of habeas corpus, and upon dismissal of that writ by the United States court, he brought the case to appeal. In a long and carefully prepared opinion reviewing the history of the trial, and of the national law and the treaties between the United States and foreign governments which have any bearing on the question, Chief Justice Waite, speaking for the court, says that the principle which governs the whole matter is this: Disorders which disturb only the peace of a ship or those on board are to be dealt with exclusively by the sovereign of the home of the ship; but those which disturb the repose of persons on shore may be suppressed if need be by the local jurisdiction. It may not be easy at all times to determine to which of the two jurisdictions a particular act of disorder belongs. Much will undoubtedly depend on the attending circumstances of a particular case, but all must concede that felonious homicide is a subject of local jurisdiction, and if committed on the high seas, the trial of such a case in regular manner the consul has no right to interfere to prevent it. The decree of the circuit court dismissing the writ of habeas corpus is affirmed.

Mr. Jenkins, Mr. Wm. Bell, Mr. Benjamin McDowell, Congressman Kinyon, Mr. J. J. Evans, Mr. Lyons, Mr. A. Gifford, Mr. Philip Brothman, Mr. W. H. Dooly, Mr. Dooly, Mr. Pendleton, and others spoke and announced their unanimous support of the proposed school.

Mr. Brittenbacher asserted that he had removed to another part of the city because there was no school convenient.

Mr. Jenkins said the schools had much to do with the upbuilding of the city, and that there was room for this one.

A collection was then taken up to defray the expenses of taking the census of the school children, and it is estimated that if they don't have a number necessary the money will gather them. Rev. Mr. Dunlap passed the hat.

The meeting adjourned at 10:15, subject to the call of the chairman.

THE GYPSY QUEEN.

Dying in Mississippi, She is Brought Back to Dayton and Barred.

JACKSON, Miss., January 10.—Ten days ago a band of Gypsies pitched their tents just across the river from the city, in Pearl river swamp. Among them was a young and beautiful woman, who was said to be the "Gypsy Queen."

On Thursday night, during a severe storm, she became a mother, giving birth to twins. It was plain that the twins died on the day of her birth, and notwithstanding the best medical aid to be had in this city, the mother died also.

Since that time a queer and weird ceremony peculiar to these wandering people, had been going on in the tent where the body of the dead queen had rested.

While her husband, as well as that of the other Gypsies, seems to have been of a most intense nature, and it was evident that they had never seen and novel to people not acquainted with the methods of the Gypsies. The finest basket to be had was purchased and the remains, accompanied by a delegation of the Gypsy party, were carried by an express train to Dayton, Ohio, where, it is said, repose the ashes of all the deceased American Gypsy queens.

THE WRECK AT REPUBLIC.

Identifying the Remains of the Unfortunate.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, January 10.—The testimony before Coronel Lepper in the inquest on the steamer Republic, which sank in Lake Erie, at Tiffin, Ohio, was principally aimed at the identification of the persons who perished. By relatives picked up at the scene of the disaster, the names of T. O. Pemberton, of Payne, Ohio; Frank Bowman, of Mechanicsburg, Pa., and David Ober, of Oberlin, Pa., are added to the list of the killed already given.

Robert Chamberlain, the Republic, Ohio, surgeon, who was in charge of the bodies of the victims testified that he had taken eleven bodies from the wreck; and is positive that thirteen persons perished.

Alfred Tompkins, of Republic, also testified

contradicting the evidence of Chamberlain.

He said the workmen in clearing up the wrecks paid no attention to the charred remains, which were shovelled off the track with other debris. It seemed to be said, as if they wanted to get rid of the bodies as soon as possible, and try to cover up all they could.

A Wreck on the Chesapeake

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.
 Showing the arrival and departure of all trains
 from the city. Central time.

ARRIVE.	DEPART.
EAST TENNESSEE, VIRGINIA & GEORGIA R. R.	
*Day Express from Sylva	Florida Express, south
Fla. No. 14 10:30 p.m.	6 a.m.
*Home Express, Florida	Express, south
Fla. No. 15 10:30 p.m.	6 a.m.
Clin. & Mem. Ex. from north, No. 11 12 p.m.	Day Express Phil. & N. Y., No. 12 2:35 a.m.
No. 13 10:30 p.m.	7 a.m.
*Day Ex. from Jacksonville and Brunswick, No. 16 2:35 a.m.	Cannon Ball South for Savanah and Fla. No. 15, 3:45 a.m.
FELMONT (Richmond & Roanoke)	AIR LINE
New York fast mail arrives daily... 10 a.m.	New York
New York Lin'd Express leaves daily... 7:45 a.m.	Day
New York Lin'd Express leaves daily... 6:30 p.m.	Leaves
Lake Arrowm... 1:45 p.m.	Arrives
CENTRAL RAILROAD	From Macon
12:15 a.m. To Macon... 3:00 a.m.	To Atlanta
" Barville... 2:30 a.m. To Savannah... 5:00 a.m.	To Macon
" Macon... 1:05 p.m. To Barnville... 5:15 p.m.	To Atlanta
" Savanah... 9:00 p.m. To Savannah... 10:30 p.m.	To Atlanta
WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD	From Atlanta
12:15 a.m. To Chatanooga... 1:40 p.m.	To Chatanooga
" Marietta... 3:35 a.m. To Rome... 3:45 p.m.	To Marietta
" Rome... 11:05 a.m. To Rome... 4:40 p.m.	To Rome
" Chatanooga... 6:35 a.m. To Chatanooga... 12:30 p.m.	To Chatanooga
ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD	From M'coey's 2:15 a.m.
LaGrange... 3:37 a.m. To M'coey's... 12:30 p.m.	To M'coey's
M'coey's... 1:00 p.m. To M'coey's... 12:30 p.m.	To M'coey's
GEORGIA RAILROAD	From Augusta... 6:40 a.m.
Covington... 7:55 a.m. To Decatur... 9:00 a.m.	To Augusta
" Atlanta... 8:00 a.m. To Atlanta... 10:45 a.m.	To Atlanta
" Augusta... 1:00 p.m. To Augusta... 1:45 p.m.	To Augusta
Gaskins... 2:20 p.m. To Covington... 5:10 p.m.	To Covington
" Augusta... 5:45 p.m. To Augusta... 7:30 p.m.	To Augusta
GEORGIA PACIFIC RAILWAY	From Bluffton... 5:45 a.m.
B'lt... 5:45 a.m. To Bluffton... 5:00 p.m.	To Bluffton
Train marked thus (*) are daily. All other trains daily except Sunday.	

 Bankers and Brokers.
 A. J. WEST. J. W. GOLDSMITH.

WEST & GOLDSMITH,
 Real Estate and Loan Office,
 25 Peachtree Street, Atlanta, Ga.

We buy and sell all kinds of Real Estate inside and outside the city, long time investments, also buy land notes and commercial notes. Just up to par.

THE TOLLESON COMMISSION CO.,
 22 South Fryer Street,
 Brokers in—
 Stocks, Bonds, Money and Securities.
 WILL MAKE LOANS ON GOOD COLLATERALS
 WANTED—Capital City Landpo. Stock, Money, Cash Bonds, Stock City Bonds and all kinds of Stocks and Bonds.
 FOR SALE—Investment Securities.

NOW—THE TIME TO SPECULATE
 ACTIVE FLUCTUATIONS IN THE MARKET
 Offer opportunities to speculators in Grain Stocks, Bonds, Money and Securities. Please write for given address received by wire or mail. Correspondence solicited. Full information about the markets in our book, which will be forwarded free on application.
 H. D. KYLE, Banker and Broker,
 28 Broad and 34 New Streets, New York City,
 and 12 the ther sat su wky by financial col.

THE GATE CITY NATIONAL BANK
 —OF ATLANTA, GA.
UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY,
 Capital & Surplus \$300,000.
 Issues Certificates of Deposit Payable
 on Demand with Interest.

Three per cent per annum if left twelve months. Five per cent per annum if left six months. Four per cent per annum if left twelve months.

GEO. S. MAY
 BUYS GOOD COMMERCIAL PAPER AND
 PURCHASE MONEY NOTES.

 139 West Mitchell Street.
 Office hours 9 to 12 a.m.

 EDWARD S. PRATT,
 DARWIN G. JONES,
 JONES & PRATT,
 Bankers, and Brokers

In all classes securities. No. 3 E. Alabama Street, Atlanta, Ga.

HUMPHREYS CASTLEMAN,
 BROKER AND DEALER IN

BONDS AND STOCKS,
 Office 12 East Alabama Street.

WANZID—Ga. R. R. bonds and stock; S. W. R. stock; Atlanta and West Point R. R. stock and certificates; Central R. R. stocks and certificates; Atlanta, 6, 7, and 8 per cent bonds; Georgia bonds, and Georgia Pacific R. R. 1st mort. gage.

W. H. PATTERSON,
BOND & STOCK BROKER,
 24 South Pryor Street.

The company meeting on Sat. 1st, 1887, on bonds of the America, Preston and Lumpkin Railroad will be paid on presentation at the National Park Bank, New York, at the office of the Company, 24 South Pryor Street, Atlanta.

I am still offering the bonds of the Americas, Preston and Lumpkin Railroad, and call the attention of investors there as a particular security. Whole sum \$600,000.00 bonds mature 1896. Interest 7 per cent, payable January and July.

Full information on application.

Dealer in Investment Securities, 24 South Pryor street, Atlanta, Ga.

ASOUND INV ESTMENT
 Americus, Preston & Lumpkin R.R.

1st Mortgage Extension

TOTAL ISSUE
ONLY \$5,000 PER MILE.

Interest Payable January and July

 IN THE
CITY OF NEW YORK
 OR AT

COMPANY'S OFFICE
 AMERICUS, GA.

Having been appraised financial agent for the sale of the above bonds, I am now offering a limited amount of them at a reduced interest, and commend them to any one desiring a safe and profitable investment.

Full information will be furnished on application.

Other investment securities bought and sold.

 P. O. Box 288, W. H. PATTERSON,
 24 S. Pryor street.

62m—dm finan col

Electric Belt Free

We introduce and claim agents we will for the next thirty days give away, free of charge, in each county in the United States, a limited number of electric belts, and claim agents who will do the same, and furnish and install the cure for nervous debility, positive and invigorating cure for nervous debility, and other diseases, and injuries, and disabilities, and whatever else we can do.

Address, W. H. PATTERSON, 24 S. Pryor street.

Name this paper.

1st—2nd—3rd—4th—5th

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.
 Showing the arrival and departure of all trains
 from the city. Central time.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.
Bonds, Stocks and Money.
CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
 ATLANTA, January 10, 1887.

Money easy.

New York exchange buying at par, and selling at 1/2 premium.

STATE AND CITY BONDS. [RE. NO. 100.] Bid. Asked.

New Ga. 4% 100. Asked 98. 100.

New year... 105. 100.

Day Express Phil. & N. Y., No. 12 2:35 a.m.

" 11:00 a.m. 165. 160.

" 13:00 p.m. 165. 160.

" 18:00 p.m. 165. 160.

" 21:00 p.m. 165. 160.

" 23:00 p.m. 165. 160.

Cannon Ball South for Savanah and Florida No. 15, 3:45 a.m.

Fast Express South for Savanah and Florida No. 15, 3:45 a.m.

AIR LINE

(Richmond and Roanoke)

New York fast mail arrives daily... 10 a.m.

New York Lin'd Express leaves daily... 7:45 a.m.

New York Lin'd Express leaves daily... 6:30 p.m.

Leaven... 1:45 a.m. 165. 160.

Day Express Phil. & N. Y., No. 15, 2:35 a.m.

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" 123:00 p.m. 165. 160.

" 125:00 p.m. 165. 160.

" 127:00 p

THE CONSTITUTION.

EVENTS FOR TODAY.

AMUSEMENTS—
OPERA HOUSE—Kate Clanton, in "The Two Orphans," TONIGHT.
MEETINGS—
STOCKHOLDERS OF GATE CITY NATIONAL BANK AT 10 A.M.
CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, TODAY.

THROUGH THE CITY.

Pencilled Paragraphs Caught on the Fly by Constitution Reporters.

ARRESTED ON A BENCH WARRANT.—Joseph Dyer was arrested on a bench warrant yesterday by United States Marshal Harbison on the charge of operating an illicit distillery. He was committed to jail.

VERDICT FOR THE PLAINTIFF.—In the United States circuit yesterday the case of Frick & Co. against J. M. Stuart, administrator, was tried and resulted in a verdict for the plaintiff for \$1,018 principal and \$105 attorney's fees and costs.

NOT GUILTY.—J. Jackson, colored, was tried yesterday in the superior court on the charge of burglary and found "not guilty." A similar verdict was rendered in the case of Washington Terrell, colored, indicted for burglary, because there was a lack of evidence to connect him with the crime.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.—The regular monthly meeting of the chamber of commerce will be held at 12 o'clock today. It is likely that the interstate commerce question will come up for discussion. It is said the sense of the chamber has changed as to the merits of the Cullom bill.

SWORN IN.—Yesterday C. H. Strong, clerk of the superior court; J. H. Harris, tax receiver, and Walter S. Larendon, county surveyor, were sworn in by Ordinary Calhoun. Their bonds had been examined and approved by the county commissioners. The other county officers will qualify this week.

THE CITY COURT.—This tribunal met yesterday at 9 o'clock. The case of M. C. Dorsey against the city of Atlanta, had been adjourned until the time of the court till 3 o'clock, when adjournment was taken until 9 o'clock this morning. Mr. Dorsey sued the city for damages, alleging that by the acts of its servants his property was materially impaired in value.

GEORGIA GENIUS.—The following patents were granted to patentees in Georgia in the issue of January 4th, 1887, and are officially reported for THE CONSTITUTION by Albert A. Wood, solicitor of foreign and American patents, 301 Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga.: Platting board, J. P. Caldwell, Gainesville; ear coupling, J. J. King, Jasper, and W. J. Worley, Dahlonega; automatic advertising device, Louis F. Wetzel, Atlanta.

THEY ARE AT THE CAMPS.—Yesterday Colored Tewers, principal keeper of the penitentiary, received a letter from City Stating that the Coleman family, of Randolph County, had arrived in town, having given up their home. The mother's age is variously estimated at from ninety-five to 15 years. The manager of the camps begs that the next family homesteaded on her be sent to some other camp.

NOT HIS FAULT.—Several days ago THE CONSTITUTION reported that of John Ball Smith, colored, charged with forgery. Smith carried an order to Dr. Rankin, which was a forgery, but it was in a sealed envelope and Smith had no idea as to its contents. He delivered the note to another negro, and as soon as the facts were shown he was released. He was kept in custody only a few minutes.

JUDGED TO BE INSANE.—A curious case was tried yesterday by Ordinary Calhoun. Mary Ann Williams, a white woman of respectable appearance, was taken before the ordinary on the charge of being insane. She gave no indications of an unsound mind, and when the Macon in court saw the last deed, which had been made only a few days, he found that the forgers had attached the name of a justice who had been dead seven years.

The bogus deeds are very skillfully forged. The ink, paper, writing, etc., are all used with a view to making deception complete, and documents, fresh from the forgers hands, are subjected to processes which give them the yellowness and mustiness of age.

The men who hold bogus titles are generally men without means, and if a judgment for damages is secured against them nothing can be made out of it.

The timber lands of Georgia, if properly secured to their real owners, would offer

A SPLENDID FIELD FOR INVESTMENT, but their values have been greatly depressed by the traffic in titles carried on by the land thieves. In addition to the blockade built by business with the thieves, it has encouraged great injury to the legitimate lumber trade, and has put down prices in

CONTESTS AND RESIGNATIONS.

STILSON JEWELER,

55 WHITEHALL ST.
Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Silverware, Clocks,
Canes, Bronzes, Art Goods, etc., etc.

NEW GOODS
FOR THE HOLIDAYS
ARRIVING DAILY.

Every article guaranteed strictly as represented
At the lowest price and comparison of price
respectfully solicited.

THE SOUTHERN LEAGUE.

The Atlanta Franchise Game.—The Other Cities Up, Macomb.

Atlanta will not have a ball team in the southern league this season, but she will be the happiest city in the circuit.

That is the price Governor Gordon has fixed and if the contingent fund holds out somebody is going to see the seven stars in day time. The land shark is a glib tongued individual who deals in bogus titles, and he has been weeding a wide row in the pine lands of Georgia. Mr. Arnhem, member of the house from DeKalb county, was in the city yesterday and said:

"The wiregrass region of Georgia is infested by a band of the most unscrupulous land thieves on earth. They have stolen millions of acres of the finest timber lands in the state. It is supposed there are forty or fifty men in the compact. Their wicked operations have been far-reaching and ruinous, and the timber districts are suffering from the blighting effects of bogus titles which the land sharks have shown broadcast."

The land sharks constitute the

TERIOR OF THE TIMBER BELT, and so expert have they become that conviction will be very difficult.

The sharks have secured lists of justices of the inferior courts, judges of the different districts and the recorders of land grants, so that the sharks make their bogus titles running back to the earliest grants. With this valuable information at hand, forgery becomes easy and conviction difficult.

Operations in wild lands have been so spirited that the records in the wild land offices show the amazing fact that often one piece of wild land will be returned for taxation as many as ten or ten persons, and frequently when disputes arise five or even six for every lot. If anyone wants to start a saw mill or a turpentine farm, he can go to a land shark and get a chain of forged titles for a nominal sum and go to work. If the real owner goes to law, the value of the land is soon consumed in costs. The land sharks have fortified themselves so well that in suits the bogus title often triumphs over the genuine title, for in the former the chain is more complete, while in the latter there is often a break.

The league will probably be composed of Nashville, Memphis, Chattanooga, Charleston, Savannah and New Orleans, Birmingham and Mobile. The last two are yet uncertain, but when the leagues have met the Atlanta franchise, however, will not have a warmer friend than Atlanta. The league is the child of the gate city, and it will be with pride that Atlanta notices her success and with mortification her troubles. The league can and will prosper, and next year Atlanta may buy a franchise. Birmingham will probably secure Atlanta's place.

Atlanta will be the only town to drop out.

All through the league Macon followed Atlanta's lead closely, and when the central city saw that Atlanta was going out, she followed suit again. Mobile will probably secure Macon's place.

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MACON OUT.

MACON, Ga., January 10.—[Special]—Today the limit for putting in applications for membership in the Southern baseball league expired, and the Macon club failed to come down with the stamps. Consequently the matter goes by default, and Macon loses her franchise.

CHARLESTON, January 10.—[Special]—Our club

has never paid in Macon. Our club

has always been beaten, and the encouragement has always been half-hearted, and we are well rid of the business.

MONROEVILLE, ALA.—January 10.—[Special]—The New Orleans-based baseball league in its \$2,000 forfeit. Our club has signed, and we are waiting impatiently for the season to open.

MURFREESBORO, Tenn.—January 10.—[Special]—Manager Jack Snedecor has sent in his \$2,000 and signed fourteen men. We want to see Atlanta's curves quick.

CHARLESTON, January 10.—[Special]—Our \$2,000

is up and our teams ready. We are waiting to give Purcell a chance to ring in another extra ball.

HORNELL, N.Y.—January 10.—[Special]—The Journal will please insert the above notice daily one week.

SAVANNAH, GA.—January 10.—[Special]—Mr. Hansard sent \$2,000 to President Morrow of Nashville, and in for the campaign. We want and will be in the league this year. We have passed a resolution not to leave a town this seaon with our finishing the series. In other words, we won't run away.

SAVANNAH, GA.—January 10.—[Special]—We are ready for the season. Manager Bradley is now showing a team.

DOUGLASSVILLE, GA.—January 10.—[Special]—The game is out of the city, and nothing can be gathered of baseball matters. There was no meeting today. It is understood, however, that only one club, Charleston, New Orleans and Mobile, will have put up the first team. Savannah offers thousand dollars forfeit, all they are allowed, Chastain offers to put up twenty thousand dollars for the season, and Atlanta offers forty-five thousand dollars. Birmingham and Mobile are not in from all. The propositions have all been forwarded to President Morrow, at Jackson, Miss.

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AS A LEADER
During the Holidays we are offering a
Solid Silver Thimble
FOR
25 CENTS.
FREEMAN & CRANKSHAW, Jewelers.
Call and see our attractive stock.

McBRIDE'S
CHINA, CUTLERY,
HOUSEFURNISHING EMPORIUM
29 PEACHTREE.
CHEAPEST IN THE COUNTRY.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

Daily Weather Bulletin.
Observe the following table for the weather at U. S. Custom House, January 10, 1887—P. M.—
All observations taken at the same moment of actual time at each place.

		WIND.			Weather.			
Banometer.	Thermometer.	Breeze.	Wind.	Direction.	Velocity.	Rainfall.	Wind.	Weather.
Augusta	30.11 26	W	Light	.00	Clear.			
Savannah	30.13 31	NW	Light	.00	Clear.			
Jacksonville	30.13 31	W	Light	.00	Clear.			
Montgomery	30.13 31	W	Light	.00	Clear.			
New Orleans	30.23 35	NE	Light	.00	Clear.			
Gulfport	30.23 35	N	Light	.00	Clear.			
Tampa	30.23 35	E	Light	.00	Clear.			
Shreveport	30.26 37	E	Light	.00	Clear.			
LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.								
6 a. m.	29.95 28	SW	18	1.00	[Cloudy.]			
2 p. m.	30.04 29	NW	16	1.00	[Cloudy.]			
9 p. m.	30.17 24	NW	15	1.00	[Cloudy.]			
Maximum thermometer.								
Total rainfall.								



HAWKES'
PATENT.
Eye Glasses and Crystallized Lenses

Have won the admiration of every Spectator who has used them. They stand unrivaled in their decided reputation. Their testimonials are from every class of celebrities, all from the most distinguished men in all branches of science, who have had their sight improved by their use. Mr. Hawkes adapts glasses to all conditions of the eye.

Frames in all styles fitted to these lenses without extra charge. Gold, silver, nickel steel, celluloid frames, spectacles, sunglasses, and spectacles, spec-tacles and eye glasses to fit any needs.

Prescriptions filled and spectacles made to order.

A. K. HAWKES, Optician,
19 Decatur St., Under Kimball House, Atlanta, Ga.

25th Street.

WILSON & STIFF

10 Marietta St.,

HEADQUARTERS FOR NOVELTIES IN

Lamps and Glass Goods. Dealers in Stamped Linens, Stamping Designs, Sewing Machines and

Sewing Machine Goods, all materials for Art

Needle Work. Largest stock of Fancy Goods in city. Next door to Phillips & Crew.

MEETINGS.

Stockholders' Meeting, Gate City National Bank.

The regular annual meeting of the stockholders of the Gate City National Bank will be held at the Banking House on the second Tuesday in January, 1887, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the election of directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of other business.

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